



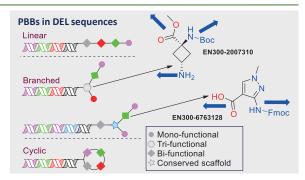
# Polyfunctional Core Building Blocks for DNA-Encoded Technologies (DELT): the Definitive Factor for Libraries Diversity

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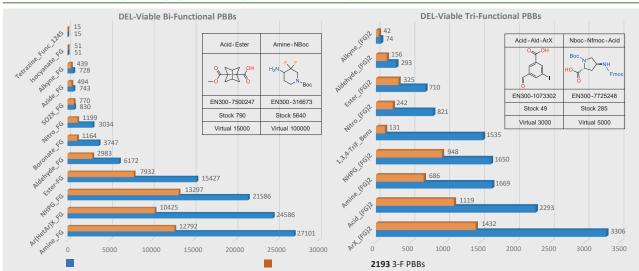
## **Introduction to the Problem**

**DNA-encoded libraries (DELs)** hinge on the diverse array of polyfunctional building blocks (PBBs) to achieve comprehensive chemical representation. The challenge lies in judiciously choosing these PBBs, ensuring they harmonize chemical variety, reactivity, and affinity for DNA tagging[1]. This study delves into the chemical breadth of such building blocks, spotlighting offerings from leading vendor Enamine and the world-stock aggregator, ChemSpace.

Aim: to discern patterns and voids in PBBs, directing their strategic development for enhancing DELs' efficacy in drug discovery.

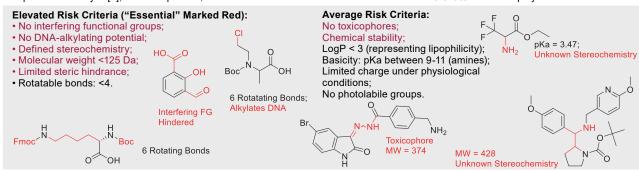


# **DEL-Viable PBBs globally (according to ChemSpace)**



### **Selection Criteria for PBBs**

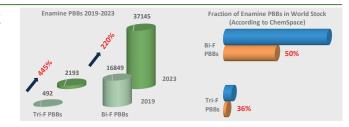
The selection criteria for DEL-suited PBBs are pivotal in guaranteeing on-DNA reactivity library chemical diversity, and further biological relevance. Even with the expansive chemical reservoir of global BBs, only a minor subset satisfies these rigorous standards, determined via computational analysis[2], visual inspection, and hands-on evaluation. Some of the risk factors elevate in case of polyfunctional molecules.



# **Summary and Outlook**

While the **chemical space of polyfunctional BBs** is much smaller compared to mono-functional ones, they **significantly amplify DEL diversity** and are **rapidly expanding**.

Note: Enamine efforts in PBBs synthesis gave multiplicative growth of the collection



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### References: