

Efficient one-step approach to annulated tetrahydrofurans: supporting the search for new potent CCR2 receptor antagonists

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Background and synthetic strategy

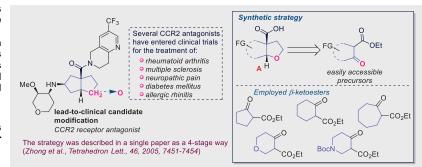
Oxygen-rich low molecular 3D frameworks with the restricted conformation are valuable tools for medicinal chemistry:

• a shift from a carbon backbone to the oxygen containing counterpart ($\mathbf{CH_2} \rightarrow \mathbf{O}$) decreases lipophilicity, thus empowering those fragments to be implemented into a drug scaffold and resulting in both pronounced target affinity and bioavailability

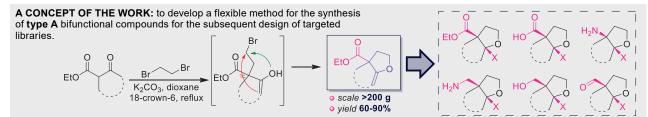
A remarkable example on the issue is development of a selective CCR2 receptor antagonist by *Janssen*:

• there is significant ongoing effort directed towards the optimization of CCR2 antagonists;

• the possibility of modifying the cyclopentane cycle with a change in the structure of the scaffold has not been studied.

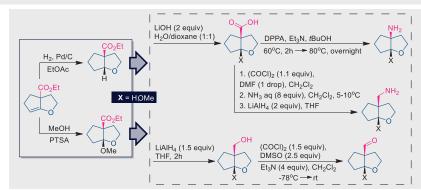


Synthetic results

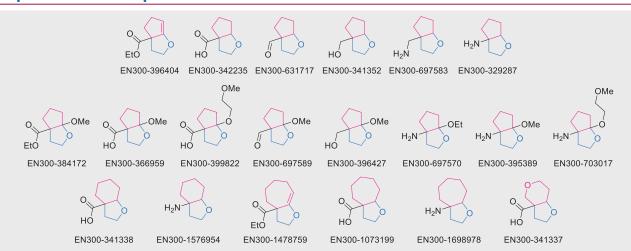


Research outlines:

- multigram scale (>200 g from 1 synthetic run) method for the synthesis of bicyclic fused tetrahydrofuranes with various sizes and natures of the adjacent rings;
- highly reactive vinyl alcohol moiety allowing its conversion to the corresponding cyclic acetals immediately under solvolytic conditions:
- the building blocks can significantly impact the lead optimization approaches *via* increasing the toolbox of synthetic chemists.



Representative Examples



Contact