



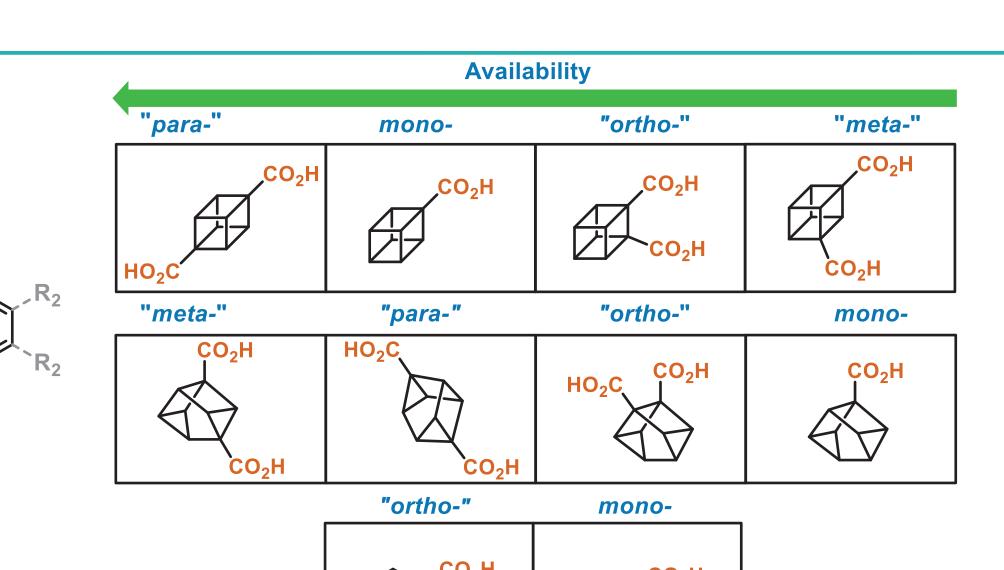


# **Neglected Cage Compounds from Rare Structures to Available Chemicals**

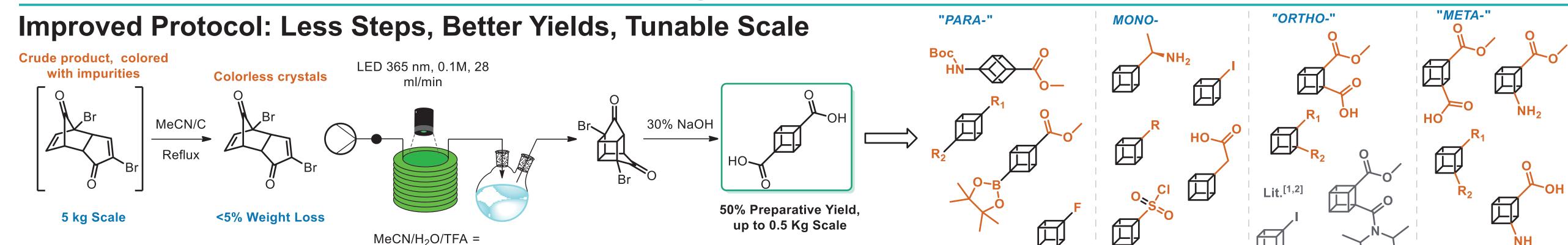
Serhiy V. Ryabukhin, Nazar E. Hryhoriev, Oleh K. Smyrnov, Olexandr Ye. Pashenko, Alexandr V. Gaidai, Dmytro M. Volochnyuka

# **Background of the project**

- "Escape from Flatland" to 3D Cages: an Evolution
- High-Fsp³ scaffolds now serve as bioisosteric alternatives to planar aromatic cores.
- Stellanes, cubanes, and cuneanes offer compact, rigid, and uniquely three-dimensional frameworks.
- Development of preparative and scalable synthetic protocols remains to be the core issue on the way to establishing these cages as standard MedChem tools.



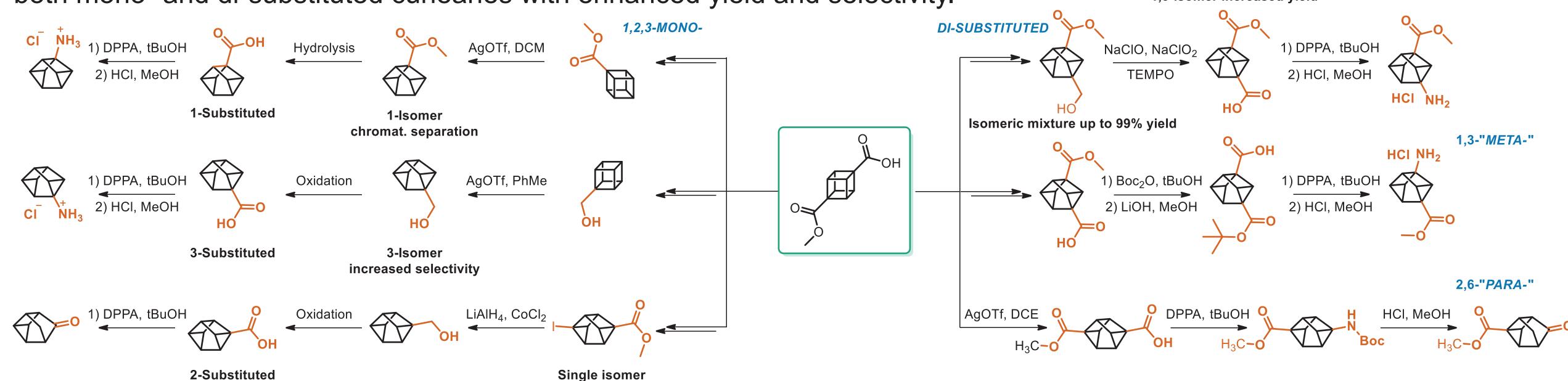
## **Cubanes: Recent Advances and Challenges**



# **Cuneane Derivatives: Free Access to Cubane-1,4-Dicarboxylic Acid Facilitates the Study**

The development of improved protocols for large-scale synthesis of cubane-1,4-dicarboxylic acid grants access to cuneane derivatives, enabling optimal preparation studies. Our methods reduced Ag catalyst usage tenfold versus literature and deliver both mono- and di-substituted cuneanes with enhanced yield and selectivity.

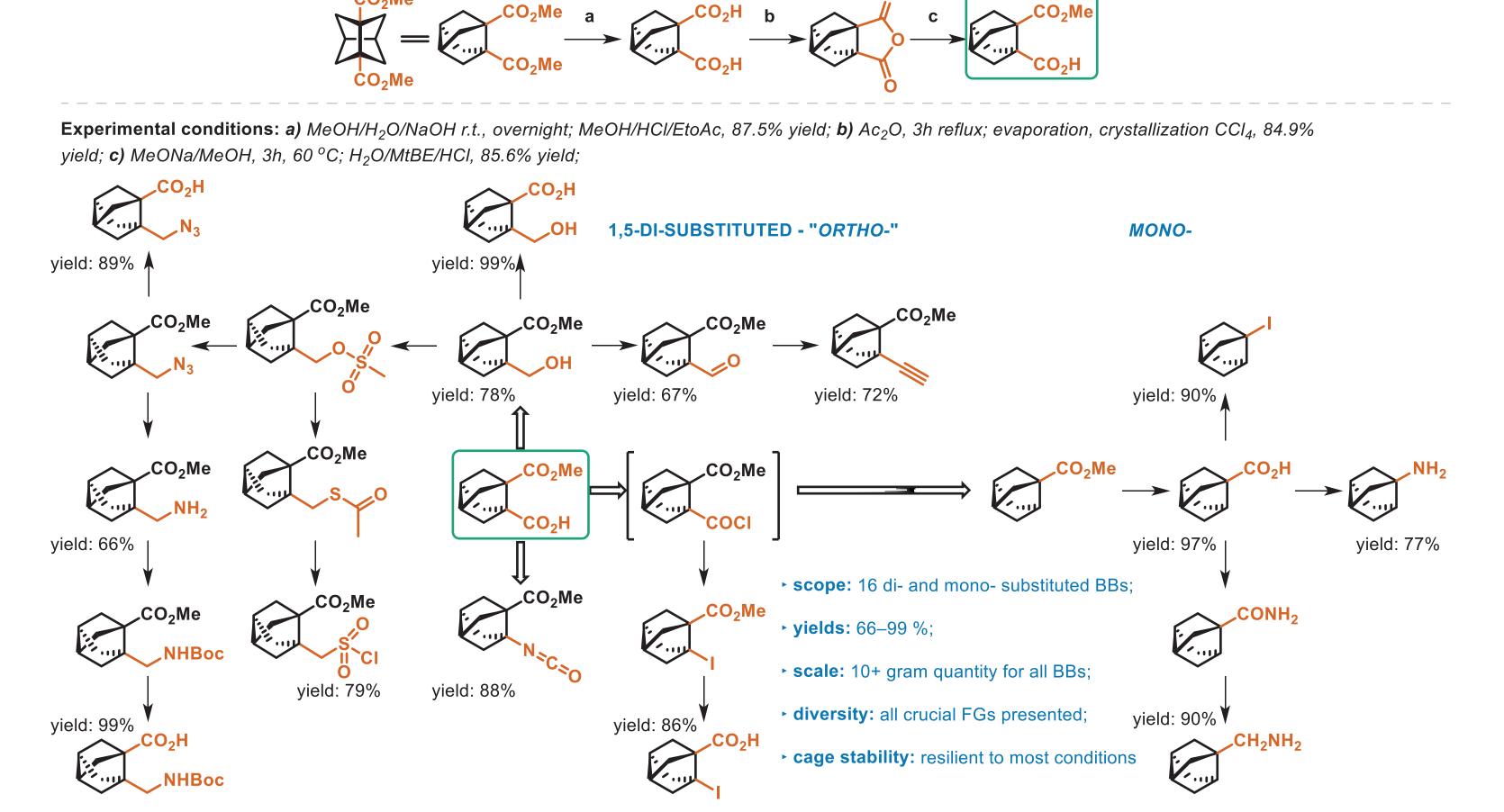
1,3-Isomer increased yield



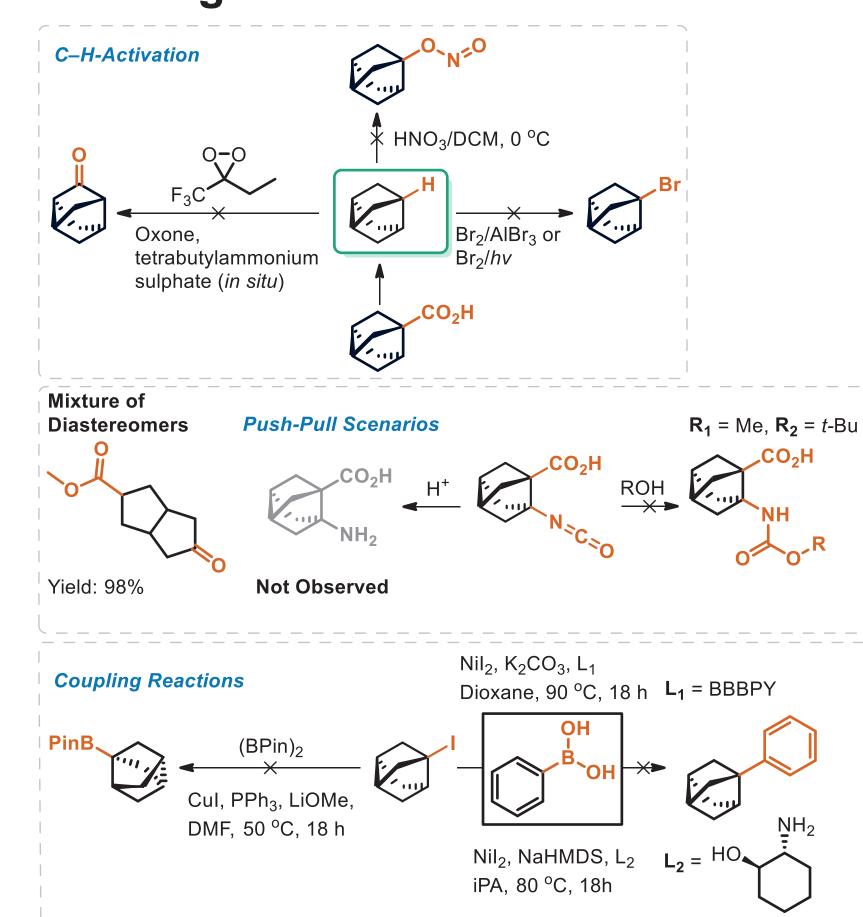
#### Stellane Derivatives: Novel C8-Scaffolds With Unique Ortho-Isosteric Potential

Stellane derivatives offer a unique, saturated C(sp³)-rich scaffold with by far optimal geometry for *ortho*-benzene bioisosterism. Our up-scale synthesis of stellane-1,5-dicarboxylic acid<sup>[3]</sup> enables preparation of diverse scope of building blocks which cover the most important functional groups and their orthogonal combinations<sup>[4]</sup>. However, challenges in C–H activation and coupling reactions remain unresolved.

# Preparation of Mono- and 1,5-Disubstituted Stellanes



# **Challenges in Current Stellane Chemistry**



#### Contact

### References

- Sergey V. Ryabukhin, Prof. Dr. Sci.; Dmitriy M. Volochnyuk, Prof. Dr. Sci. s.v.ryabukhin@gmail.com, d,volochnyuk@gmail.com.
- Smyrnov, et al., Chem. Eur. J., 2023, 29 (70), e202302454.
   Smyrnov, O. K. et al., Org. Lett. 2024, 26 (22), 4808-12.